



Henry Pool

Composer

United States (USA), Brooklyn, New York

About the artist

Henry Pool is born on June 12, 1939 in Amsterdam, Netherlands, as the second of four siblings, all boys. His family suffered with the rest of the Dutch nation the horrors of the Second World War. After the war he went to elementary school, high school and teachers' seminary. He worked seven years as a teacher in Amsterdam, then emigrated to Israel. After a short sojourn in kibbutz Sha'alviv he joined begin 1967 a Rabbinical College in Netivot. In 1969 he married Lilette Sroussi, a girl from Paris, France, who emigrated to Israel in 1968. During the years the couple has been blessed with five children. In 1974 they moved to Jerusalem, where he started to work as a graphic artist. In 1988 they emigrated to the USA, where they still live, now as American citizens. In the USA he worked as a computer operator. In 2004 he retired.

Though his career as a composer hasn't been an easy one, he managed over the years to rise to the level of a professional composer. Beside one year (at age 8) of piano lessons he never got any training. He has taught himself and learned by playing the piano, studying the compositions of the masters, going to concerts, listening to classical radio and recordings and from exploring books on composition, harmony, counterpoint, orchestration, etc..... (more online)

Personal web: <http://www.musicianspage.com>

Associate: ASCAP - IPI code of the artist : 628543042

About the piece



Title:	An American Rhapsody for Orchestra in G-do (Parts) [Opus 30]
Composer:	Pool, Henry
Licence:	Copyright © Pool Henry
Publisher:	Pool, Henry
Instrumentation:	1 Piccolo, 2 Flutes, 2 Oboes, 2 Clarinets in Bb, 2 Alto Saxophones in Eb, 1 Bassoon, 2 Horns in F, 2 Trumpets in Bb, 2 Trombones, 1 Tuba in C, Timpani, Cymbals, Piano, First Violins, Second Violins, Violas, Violoncellos, Double Basses
Style:	Modern classical

Henry Pool on [free-scores.com](#)

<http://www.free-scores.com/Download-PDF-Sheet-Music-henry-pool.htm>

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HENRY POOL

Opus 29

An Israeli
Rhapsody
for Orchestra

Parts



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HENRY POOL

Opus 30

An
American
Rhapsody
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Parts

Introduction

“An American Rhapsody” is the orchestral version of the third movement of Henry Pool’s Eighth Sonata for Piano (“My Three Fatherlands”). It is written in rondo form and has the following structure: A > B > A > C > A > D > A > E > A, where A as “The Star Spangled Banner” is the main theme, appearing five times gyratory around the four other themes (B, C, D & E). It is the song of the “Land of the Free”, which lyrics were written by Francis Scott Key on an existing melody, and which became the official American anthem in 1931.

Theme B, “America the Beautiful”, is considered America’s second anthem. Written by Katherine Lee Bates on a melody by Samuel Ward it praises the beauty of the American landscape, both physical and spiritual. It is often sung together with “The Star Spangled Banner” on national holidays.

The American Revolution was the fight for both the freedom of the Original Colonies from the exploiting British government and the freedom of Mankind in general from oppression and exploitation as mentioned in the Declaration of Independence: “We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness.” Unfortunately, though the fight for political freedom for the Original Colonies was understood by everyone, the fight for human rights and equality was not.

Slavery was mercilessly upheld as before. The black population suffered terribly. They identified themselves with the Hebrew slaves in Egypt and prayed for deliverance. One of the songs originating from the depths of these sorrows is theme C: "Go down Moses", lyrics and melody in an ever changing form, as in all folksongs, created by the black slaves. Later it became the anthem of the Underground Railroad, organized among others by Harriet Tubman, 'a woman called Moses', who, herself a fugitive, saved countless slaves by bringing them from the oppression in the South to the freedom in the North.

Indeed the Civil War liberated the black slaves. But that was mostly on paper, not in the real world. The emancipation of the now officially free blacks proceeded very slowly. But the fight for human rights and equality continued unstoppably and culminated in some kind of second Civil War: the Civil Rights Movement led by Martin Luther King. And it happened, that in 1965 a knot of demonstrators sang a song, used here as theme D, that was heard more and more often: "We shall overcome", which lyrics and melody too were fashioned in an ever changing form by the oppressed blacks. It was even sung close to the White House. And then President Lyndon B. Johnson, who in 1964 pushed the Civil Rights Act through, stood up before the members of Congress, the justices of the Supreme Court and seventy million Americans tuning in on their television sets and spoke: "At times history and fate meet at a single time in a single place to shape a turning point in man's unending search for freedom." He thereupon promised to pass a voting rights law without

any compromise. And he finished his speech with the words: "We shall overcome."

On September 11, 2001, America was attacked by Al Qaeda terrorists, who destroyed the famous Twin Towers and a part of the Pentagon, killing thousands of Americans. And in the summer of 2005 a fierce hurricane by the name of Katrina destroyed most of New Orleans and killed hundreds of Americans. As the country desperately needs to recover from all these disasters, Senator Orrin Hatch and Janice Kapp Perry wrote a wonderful song: "Heal our Land", used here as theme E, which has been performed at the second inauguration of President George W. Bush. It is a prayer for the healing of America as a whole: State and Society, asking that America again will be a beautiful country and a land of true freedom for all.

May God hearken to our prayers and may

GOD BLESS AMERICA

with His loving kindness as before.

1 Piccolo
2 Flutes
2 Oboes
2 Clarinets in B♭
2 Alto Saxophones
1 Bassoon

2 Horns in F
2 Trumpets in B♭
2 Trombones
1 Tuba in C

Timpani
Cymbals

Piano
1st Violins
2nd Violins
Violas
Violoncellos
Double Basses

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Piccolo

The musical score for the Piccolo consists of nine staves of music. Staff 1 (measures 31-38) starts with a dynamic of ***p***, followed by ***ff*** at measure 48. Staff 2 (measures 162-169) shows a mix of quarter and eighth notes. Staff 3 (measures 241-248) features sixteenth-note patterns with a dynamic of ***p***. Staff 4 (measures 273-280) includes a dynamic marking of ***mf***. Staff 5 (measures 277-284) shows sixteenth-note patterns with a dynamic of ***f***. Staff 6 (measures 282-289) includes a dynamic marking of ***p***. Staff 7 (measures 389-396) shows sixteenth-note patterns with a dynamic of ***p***. Staff 8 (measures 401-408) shows eighth-note patterns.

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

31 **9** **38** **48** **31**

162 **12** **15** **6** **36** **4**

241 **29**

273

277

282 **7** **55** **2** **16** **7** **9** **7**

389 **5**

401 **7** **8** **32**

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Flute

15

f

27

ff *f* *mf* *p* *ff*

42

f *ff*

72

crescendo *ff* *f* *ff*

85

solo *p* *f*

101

ff *f*

113

mf

130

f

167

ff *p* *f*

217

229

ff f

mf

p crescendo

f crescendo

mf

16

p **3**

14

p **3**

5

9

solo

p

7

f

311

ff f

mf crescendo

f

diminuendo

pp

9

7

9

7

5

ff

396

7

8

16

f

16

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Oboe

3 solo

7

f

18

ff *f*

mf

28

p

5

42

14

f

ff

63

crescendo

ff *f*

4

81

15

f

ff

106

ff *f*

5

mf

120

f

131

10

mf

12

f

161

8 2

179

11 3

204

7

221

ff

230

crescendo

241

f crescendo *mf*

259

p *mf*

275

7 21

313

323

15

mf crescendo

f diminuendo

350

9

7

pp

f

375

5

ff

f

381

6

5

ff

398

5

ff

f

410

7

f

420

4

solo

p

f

439

7

ff

448

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

B♭ Clarinet

solo

p

19

27

ff f

mf

p

36

5

6

c

mf

53

f

61

ff f

f

5

73

ff f

4

23

107

ff f

5

mf

121

f

26

c

157

f

167 **8**

mf # **8** **7** **3** **f** **ff**

192 # **#** **#** **#** **p**

203 **19** **ff** **f**

231 **mf** **p crescendo**

241 **f crescendo** **mf** **mf** **f** **6**

258 **f** **pp** **2** **3** **3** **3** **3**

269 **14** **pp** **3** **3** **3** **3** **3** **3** **3** **3** **f**

289 **29** **fff**

326 **mf** **mfcrescendo** **diminuendo**

348

9 7

pp *f*

This measure begins with a sustained note followed by a series of eighth notes. Measure 9 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure. Measure 7 starts with a sustained note.

374

6 5

3

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 6 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure. Measure 5 starts with a sustained note.

380

6 5

ff

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 6 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure. Measure 5 starts with a sustained note.

397

3

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 3 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

403

5 7

f *p*

solo

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 5 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure. Measure 7 starts with a sustained note.

422

19

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 19 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

450

A section of sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 19 ends with a fermata over the first note of the next measure.

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Alto Saxophone

23

30

5 6

49

56

ff

f

9

3

3

ff

solo

p

19

110

16

14

C

mf

148

7

164

pp

11

182

3

f

ff

191

p

23

224

ff

f

mf

233

p *crescendo*

238

6teenth-note patterns

240

f *crescendo*

242

mf

249

mfp

6

f

23

289

p

solo

5

6

19

319

ff f mf

328

13 2 8 p

357

f

363

f

376

f

389

f

400

p

408

f ff

447

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Bassoon

7 solo 19 3

mf

Detailed description: This section starts with a bassoon solo. Measure 7 begins with a single note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 8-18 show a continuous eighth-note line with various dynamics and slurs. Measure 19 returns to a single note.

36

pp crescendo

Detailed description: Measures 36-40 show a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The dynamic changes from *pp* to *crescendo*.

41

f *ff*

Detailed description: Measures 41-45 continue the eighth-note pattern. The dynamic increases from *f* to *ff*.

45

p 16 *f*

Detailed description: Measures 45-49 show the eighth-note pattern again. The dynamic decreases from *p* to *f*.

66

5 *crescendo*

Detailed description: Measures 66-70 show the eighth-note pattern. The dynamic increases from *p* to *f*, with a crescendo indicated between measures 66 and 70.

76

mf 3 37 *mf* 8

Detailed description: Measures 76-80 show the eighth-note pattern. The dynamic changes from *mf* to *mf*.

130

f ff f

Detailed description: Measures 130-134 show the eighth-note pattern. The dynamic changes from *f* to *ff* to *f*.

162

pp

Detailed description: Measures 162-166 show the eighth-note pattern. The dynamic decreases to *pp*.

183

3

f

ff

184

194

p

7

208

mf

20

mf

p crescendo

238

f crescendo

mf

mf

252

6

f

2

14

284

pp

p ³ *crescendo*

288

³

³

³

³

³

calando

291

³

³

ppp

31

mf

328

pp *crescendo*

337

mf *crescendo*

344

f diminuendo *pp*

362

ff

395

400

7

412

mf

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Horn

31 3

pp *crescendo*

41 17

f *ff* *p*

66 8 3 7

f *mf*

89 25

mf

122 8 27 11

f

164 12 11 36 4

ff

194 11 8 2

pp

270

p

mf

A musical score page showing a single staff in G major (two sharps) and common time. The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes. A dynamic marking *p* is at the beginning, followed by a crescendo dynamic *mf* indicated by a wedge symbol.

280

p

5 13

mf

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The bottom staff is in C major (no sharps or flats) and common time. Measures 280 through 284 are shown. Measure 280 starts with a forte dynamic *p*. Measures 281-284 feature a series of eighth-note patterns. Measure 284 ends with a dynamic *mf*.

304

37 2 16 7

c 2 c 2

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The bottom staff is in C major (no sharps or flats) and common time. Measures 304 through 308 are shown. Measure 304 includes measure numbers 37, 2, 16, and 7 above the staff, and key changes between C major and G major below the staff.

371

9 7

c 2 c 2

mf *f*

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The bottom staff is in C major (no sharps or flats) and common time. Measures 371 through 375 are shown. Measure 371 includes measure numbers 9 and 7 above the staff, and key changes between C major and G major below the staff. Measure 375 ends with a dynamic *mf* followed by a crescendo dynamic *f*.

393

ff

A musical score page showing a single staff in G major (two sharps) and common time. Measures 393 through 397 are shown. The dynamic *ff* (fortissimo) is indicated at the beginning of the measure.

399

A musical score page showing a single staff in G major (two sharps) and common time. Measures 399 through 403 are shown. The dynamic *p* (pianissimo) is indicated at the end of the measure.

405

5 8 32

A musical score page showing a single staff in G major (two sharps) and common time. Measures 405 through 409 are shown. Measure 405 includes measure numbers 5, 8, and 32 above the staff.

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

B♭ Trumpet

35

pp crescendo

f

44

ff

55

f

ff

65

f

12 50 31

f

165

p

ff

194

p

263

mf

23 37 13 2

346

mf

16 7 9 7

392

f

400

3

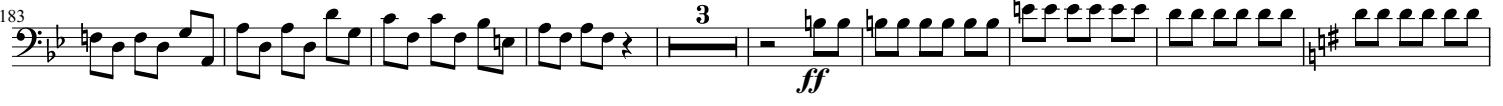
Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

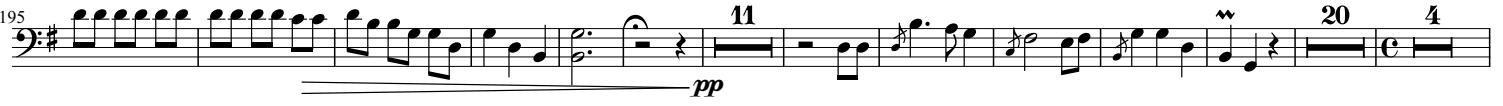
Trombone 
11 solo *mf* 15 9 6 *mf*

50 
f

62 
ff 11 39 *mf*

127 
f 31 10 3 *p*

183 
ff

195 
pp 11 20 20 4

241 
p *f* 20 *p* *crescendo* *mf* 54 2 16 *p*

362 
ff

398 

432 *solo* *mf* 15

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

C Tuba

31 9 30 crescendo f pp

80 11 23

mf

123 32

f

167 8 15 4 36 4

mf p pp

241 11 8 23 calando 11

p ppp

306 28 crescendo

mf p

340

3 3 mf 3 3 f

352 9 7 9 7 3

pp

400 10 8 32

3 3

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Timpani

23

ff f mf

33

p pp crescendo f

43

ff p mf

54

f

63

15

23

ff

111

16

ff f mfp mf

141

8

ff f mfp mf

159

11

f

179

3

f ff

194

23

pp

229

4

C

ff *f*

242

2

pp

mp

255

23

29

319

17

2

16

363

7

9

7

5

2

399

7

8

24

447

7

8

24

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Cymbal $\frac{3}{4}$ 28 $\frac{5}{4}$ 20 15

80 $\frac{3}{4}$ 28 17 47 brushes $\frac{3}{4}$ pp $\frac{4}{4}$ p

183 $\frac{3}{4}$ 28 $\frac{5}{4}$ ff $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{5}{4}$

193 $\frac{3}{4}$ 28 $\frac{5}{4}$ ff $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{5}{4}$

233 4 13 sticks $\frac{5}{4}$ 2 $\frac{5}{4}$ mp $\frac{5}{4}$ mp $\frac{5}{4}$ mif $\frac{5}{4}$

264 $\frac{3}{4}$ ff 23 34 $\frac{5}{4}$ 19 7 sticks

355 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{5}{4}$ p $\frac{5}{4}$

369 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{5}{4}$ mif $\frac{5}{4}$

376 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{5}{4}$ f $\frac{5}{4}$

383 $\frac{3}{4}$ 2 $\frac{5}{4}$ e $\frac{5}{4}$

390 $\frac{3}{4}$ p $\frac{5}{4}$ f $\frac{5}{4}$

397 $\frac{3}{4}$ 15 29 $\frac{5}{4}$ ff $\frac{5}{4}$

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Piano

31 3

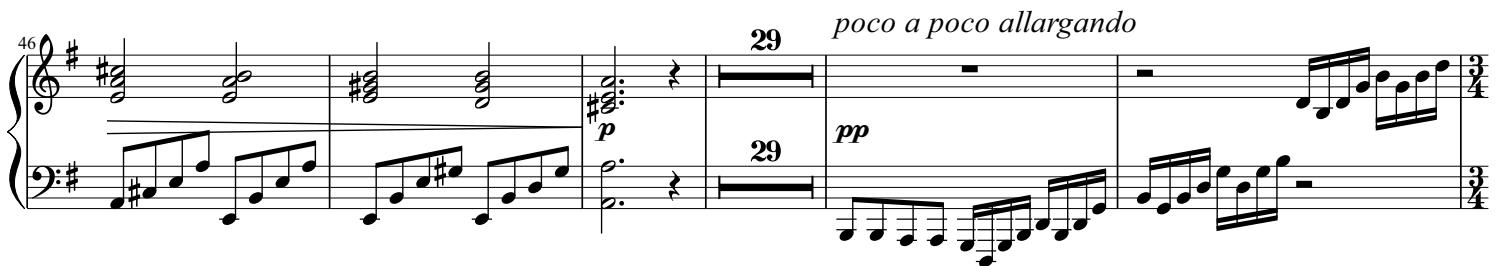
pp crescendo

This section starts with two measures of rests. Measure 31 begins with a dynamic of *pp* followed by a crescendo. The piano part consists of eighth-note chords.

41 45

f ff

The piano part features eighth-note chords transitioning to sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *f* and *ff*.



46 50

poco a poco allargando

p 29 *pp*

The piano part consists of eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *p*, *pp*, and *poco a poco allargando*.



80 84

**Sostenuto
(M.M. 76)**

31 *ff* *31* *mf*

The piano part features eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *ff*, *31*, and *mf*.



120 124

ff *c* *ff* *c*

The piano part consists of eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics include *ff* and *c*.



134 138

The piano part consists of eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns.

137

10
10

153

9
9

172

4 15 6 36 4 3
4 15 6 36 4 3

244

ff

247

39 55 2
39 55 2

346

ff
diminuendo

349

9 - c
9 - c

363

7 9 7 5
7 9 7 5

397

3
3

403

ff
ff

415

ff
ff

418

31
31

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Violins 1

15

f

25

ff f

mf

p

35

pp crescendo

f

ff

48

p mf

f

57

ff

2

68

fff

8

3/2

15

ff

97

f

108

ff f

mf

3

mf

122

f

mf

135

mf

148

8

165

12

7

f

ff

194

15

p

f

222

ff f

232

mf

p crescendo

240

f crescendo

mf

4

254

mf

f

3

23

21

f

311

ff f

3

p

pp

322

crescendo

f diminuendo

350

9

mf

368

ff

382

ff

388

ff

398

ff

408

f

415

f

443

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Violins 2

8

14

23

32

42

53

61

69

90

96

f

106

ff *f*

116

3
mf

130

f *mf* *mf*

144

8
f

161

12 7
f

188

ff *p*

200

8

214

f

223

233

243

259

305

312

322

334

348

366



A musical score page showing measures 366 through 385. The key signature is one flat. Measure 366 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 367 begins with a fermata over a sixteenth note. Measure 368 features a eighth-note pattern. Measure 369 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 370 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 371 is a repeat sign. Measure 372 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 373 begins with a fermata over a sixteenth note. Measure 374 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 375 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 376 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 377 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 378 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 379 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 380 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 381 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 382 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 383 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 384 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 385 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

386



A musical score page showing measures 386 through 395. The key signature is one flat. Measure 386 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 387 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 388 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 389 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 390 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 391 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 392 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 393 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 394 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 395 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

402



A musical score page showing measures 402 through 411. The key signature changes to one sharp. Measure 402 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 403 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 404 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 405 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 406 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 407 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 408 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 409 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 410 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 411 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

429



A musical score page showing measures 429 through 438. The key signature changes to one sharp. Measure 429 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 430 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 431 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 432 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 433 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 434 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 435 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 436 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 437 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 438 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

435



A musical score page showing measures 435 through 444. The key signature changes to one sharp. Measure 435 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 436 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 437 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 438 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 439 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 440 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 441 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 442 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 443 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 444 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

445



A musical score page showing measures 445 through 454. The key signature changes to one sharp. Measure 445 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern followed by eighth notes. Measure 446 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 447 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 448 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 449 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 450 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 451 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 452 has a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 453 starts with a sixteenth note. Measure 454 has a sixteenth-note pattern.

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Violas

6

7

22

32

43

53

61

69

7

83

89

7

106

ff *f*

mf

116

mf

130

f

mf

mf

144

f

160

mf

177

p

f

188

ff

196

p

p

205

f

220

230

240

255

295

301

317

327

341

f diminuendo

pp

9

2

c

363

7

9

ff

384

3

390

3

ff

400

3

mf

410

ff

f

pp

422

3

428

7

f

445

ff

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

16

Violoncellos

f

22

ff

28

ff **f** **mf** **p**

35

pp *crescendo* **f** **ff**

47

p **mf** **ff**

56

f **ff** **f**

65

ff **f** **ff**

5

poco a poco allargando

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

17

p **ff**

99

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 99. The music consists of eighth-note patterns on a bass staff.

102

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 102. The music continues with eighth-note patterns on a bass staff.

105

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 105. The music continues with eighth-note patterns on a bass staff.

108

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 108. The music continues with eighth-note patterns on a bass staff.

111

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 111. Dynamics ff, f, mf. The music includes eighth-note patterns and rests.

118

Bass clef, key signature of one sharp, measure 118. Time signature 3. Dynamics mf, f, mf. The music includes eighth-note patterns and rests.

133

Bass clef, key signature of one flat, measure 133. Dynamics mf. The music includes eighth-note patterns and rests.

146

Bass clef, key signature of one flat, measure 146. Dynamics f. The music includes eighth-note patterns and rests.

163

mf **8** p **3** p

183

f ff

191

16

197

pp **f**

221

ff f mf

227

ff f mf

234

p crescendo

238

3

240



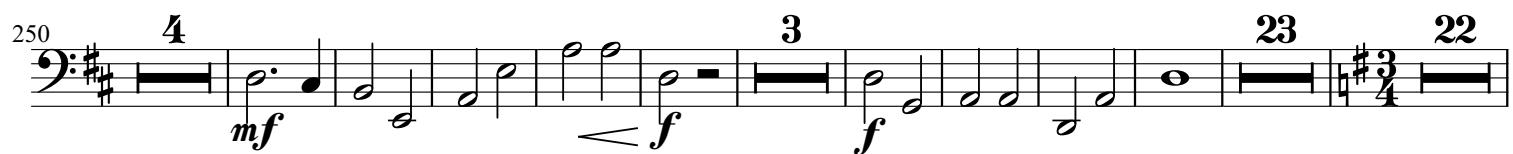
Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 240-241. Dynamics: dynamic markings at the beginning of each measure, followed by a crescendo.

242



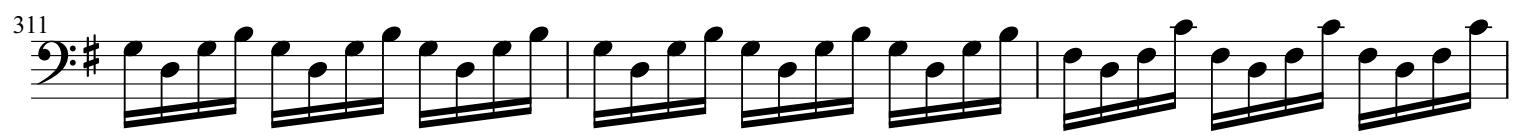
Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 242-243. Dynamics: dynamic markings at the beginning of each measure, followed by a crescendo.

250



Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 250-251. Measure 250 has a tempo marking of *mf*. Measure 251 has a tempo marking of *f*.

311



Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 311-312. Measures 311-312 are identical.

314



Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 314-315. Measures 314-315 are identical.

317



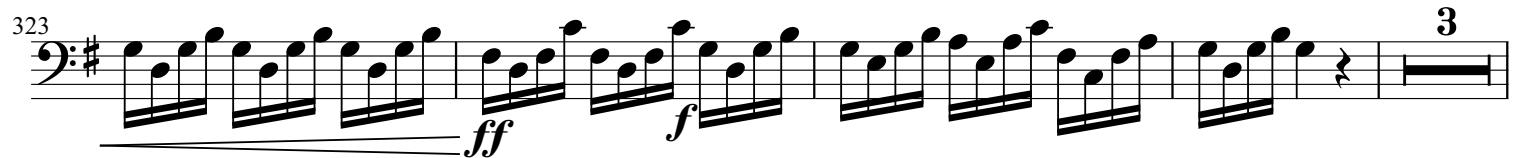
Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 317-318. Measures 317-318 are identical.

320



Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 320-321. Measures 320-321 are identical.

323



Bass clef, key signature of one sharp. Measures 323-324. Dynamics: *ff* at the beginning of measure 323, *f* at the beginning of measure 324. Measure 324 ends with a fermata and a measure repeat sign.

330

p

pp *3* *crescendo* *3* *3* *3*

338

3 *3* *3* **mf** *3* *3* *3* *3* **c**

346

f *diminuendo* **pp** **p**

356

f *diminuendo*

362

mf

368

f

374

f

380

ff

386

Bassoon part, measure 386. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns. Dynamic: *mf*.

392

Bassoon part, measure 392. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns. Dynamic: *ff*.

398

Bassoon part, measure 398. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns. Measure ends with a repeat sign and key change to G major (G).

404

Bassoon part, measure 404. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: *mf*, *f*. Measure ends with a repeat sign and a '3' above it.

420

Bassoon part, measure 420. Common time (C). Sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics: *pp*, *f*. Measure ends with a repeat sign and a '16' above it.

443

Bassoon part, measure 443. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns.

449

Bassoon part, measure 449. Common time (C). Eighth-note patterns. Dynamics: *ff*, *f*. Measure ends with a repeat sign and a '3' above it.

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

Double Basses

16

f

29

f **ff** **mf** **p** **pp** *crescendo* **f**

43

ff **p** **ff**

poco a poco allargando

18

Sostenuto (M.M. 76)

17

5

ff **p**

106

fff **ff** **ff**

123

f **mf**

138

mf

149

f **ff**

167

mf **p** **pp** **f**

218

f **ff** **mf**

233

p crescendo

f crescendo

mf

249

39 22

f

323

12

ff f

p crescendo

341

4

mf

f diminuendo

pp

357

4

375

4

393

10

f

417

16

pp

f

448

2

ff